

HOW TO IDENTIFY?

YOU KNOW what they look like ☺

HOW DO THEY GROW?

- · Long, deep taproots.
- Spread by SEED.
- Prefer sun and infertile, compact soil.

ARE THEY A PROBLEM?

YES

- Compete with other plants for space and moisture.
- Seeds blow into other areas including neighbours' yards.
- A WILDFLOWER garden is a BETTER source of pollen for bees.
- Some people find them unattractive.

NO

- Improve soil by breaking it up/aerating it.
- Deep taproots bring nutrients to the surface and make them available to other plants.
- Early source of pollen for bees (but low in protein and not that nutritious).
- All parts are edible but BE AWARE:
 - There are other plants with similar leaves - make sure you're eating the correct plant.
 - Dandelions contain latex and some people are allergic.
- Can be fed to livestock (including backyard hens).
- Some people find them attractive.



HOW TO CONTROL?

- MAINTAIN A HEALTHY LAWN.
- Vacuum seeds with shop-vac.
- Individual dandelions can be
 WEEDED make sure to get as much of the taproot as possible.
- Weed when soil is moist; use a long, thin weeding tool to loosen soil around root.
- Cover LARGE AREAS with cardboard and mulch.

rces: Parish, Coupe, and Lloyd. *Plants of the Southern Interior and Inland Northwest*, 1996.
Royer, F. and Dickinson, R. *Weeds of Canada and the Northern United States*. 1999.
Sims, C. *My Yearly Dandelion Spring Rant.* Halton Region Master Gardeners, 29 March 2022. https://haltonmastergardeners.com/2022/03/29/my-yearly-dandelion-spring-rant/